

# Economy-wide Deep Decarbonization - Beyond Electricity

MIT

February 25, 2020

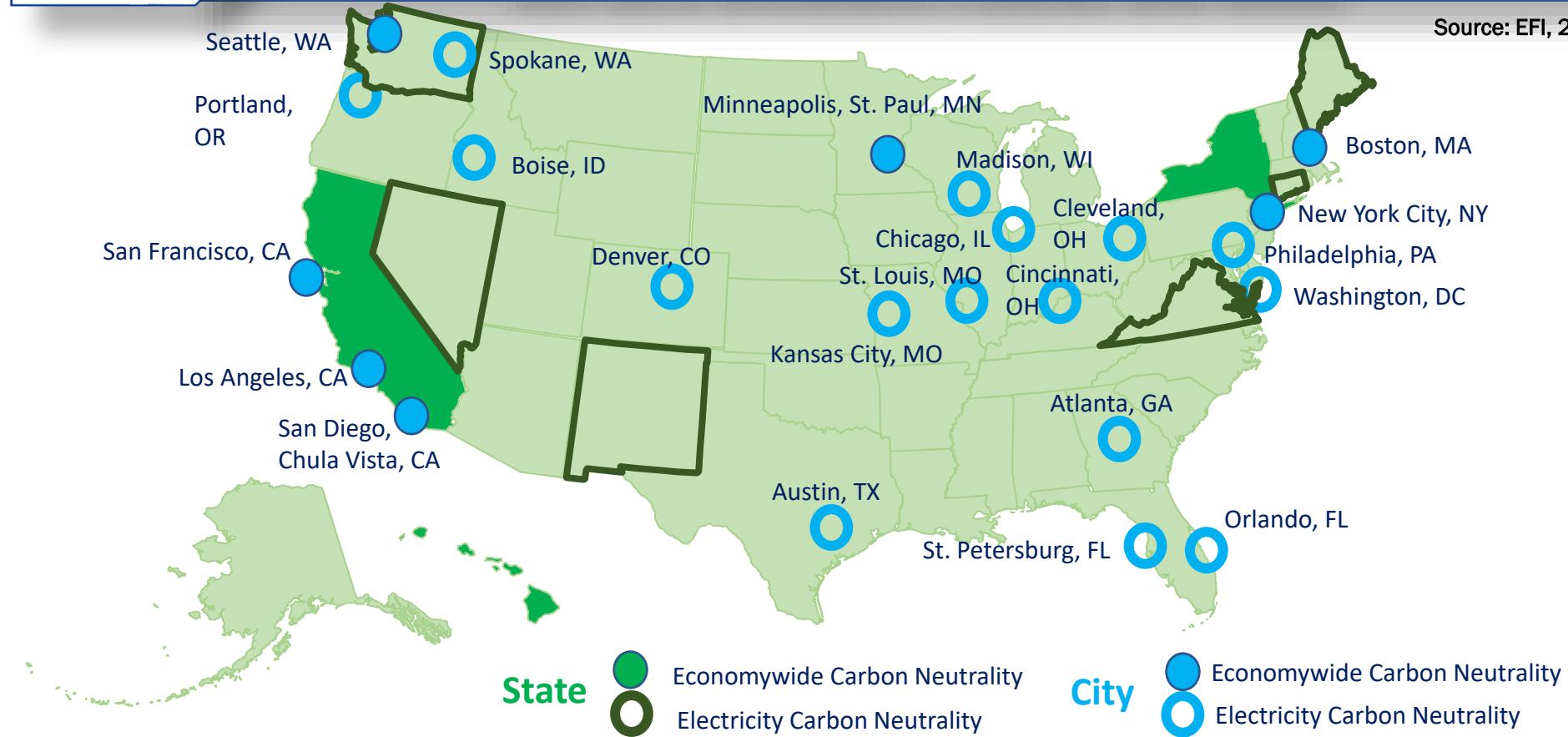
Moderators

Ernest Moniz and Kristala Prather

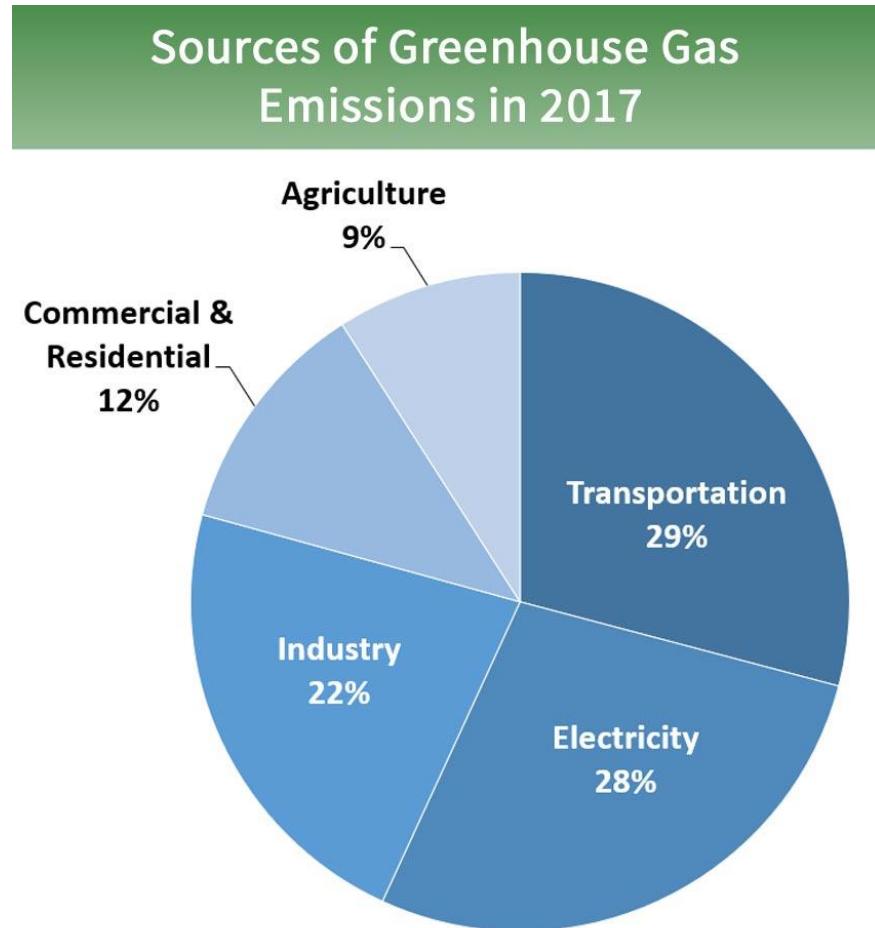


## Growing Number of Subnational Net-Zero Emissions Policies and Goals

Source: EFI, 2019.



# U.S. Greenhouse Gas Emissions

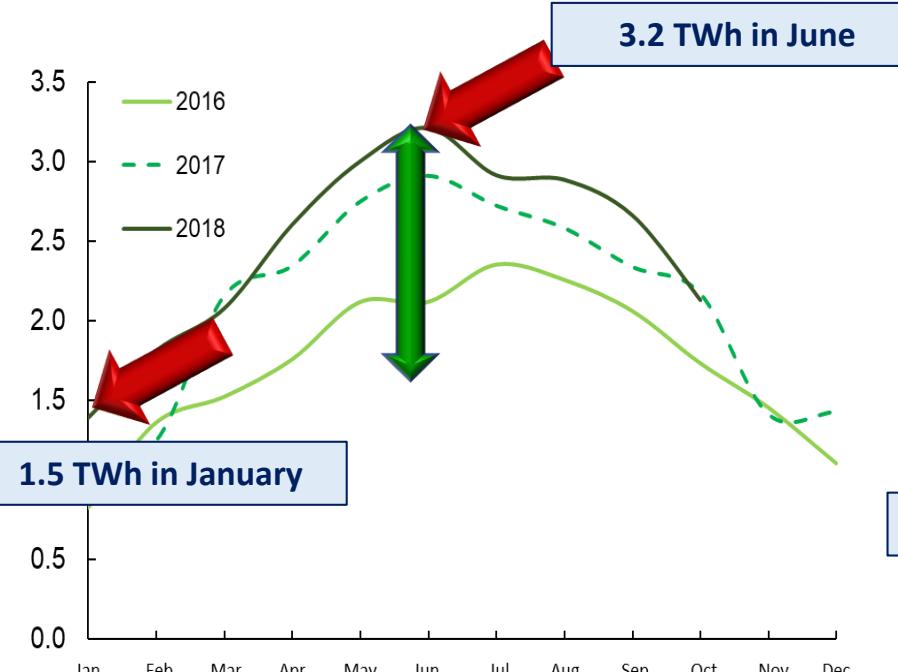


U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (2019). Inventory of U.S. Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Sinks: 1990-2017

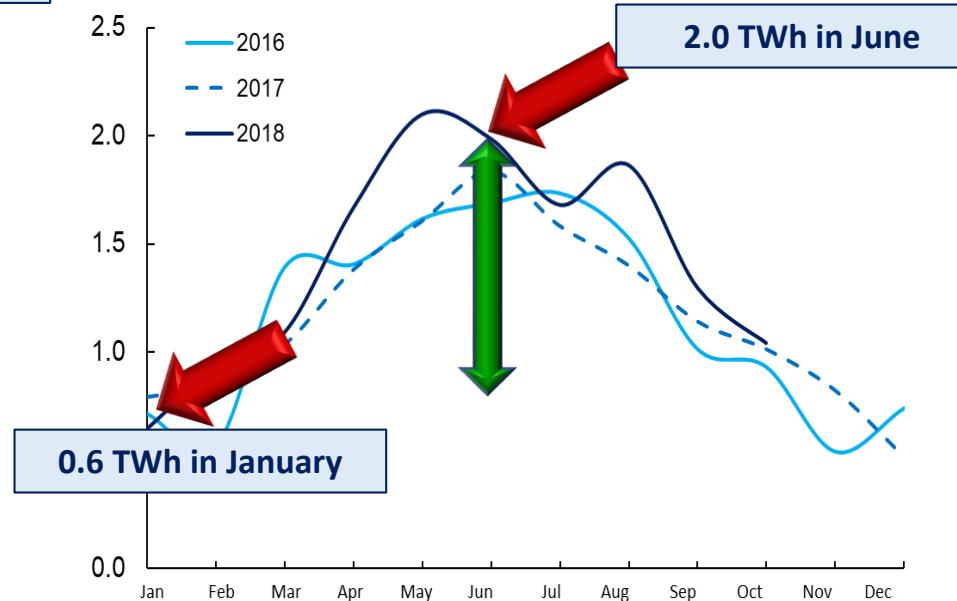


# CA Seasonal Variation in Solar & Wind

Metered Solar Generation



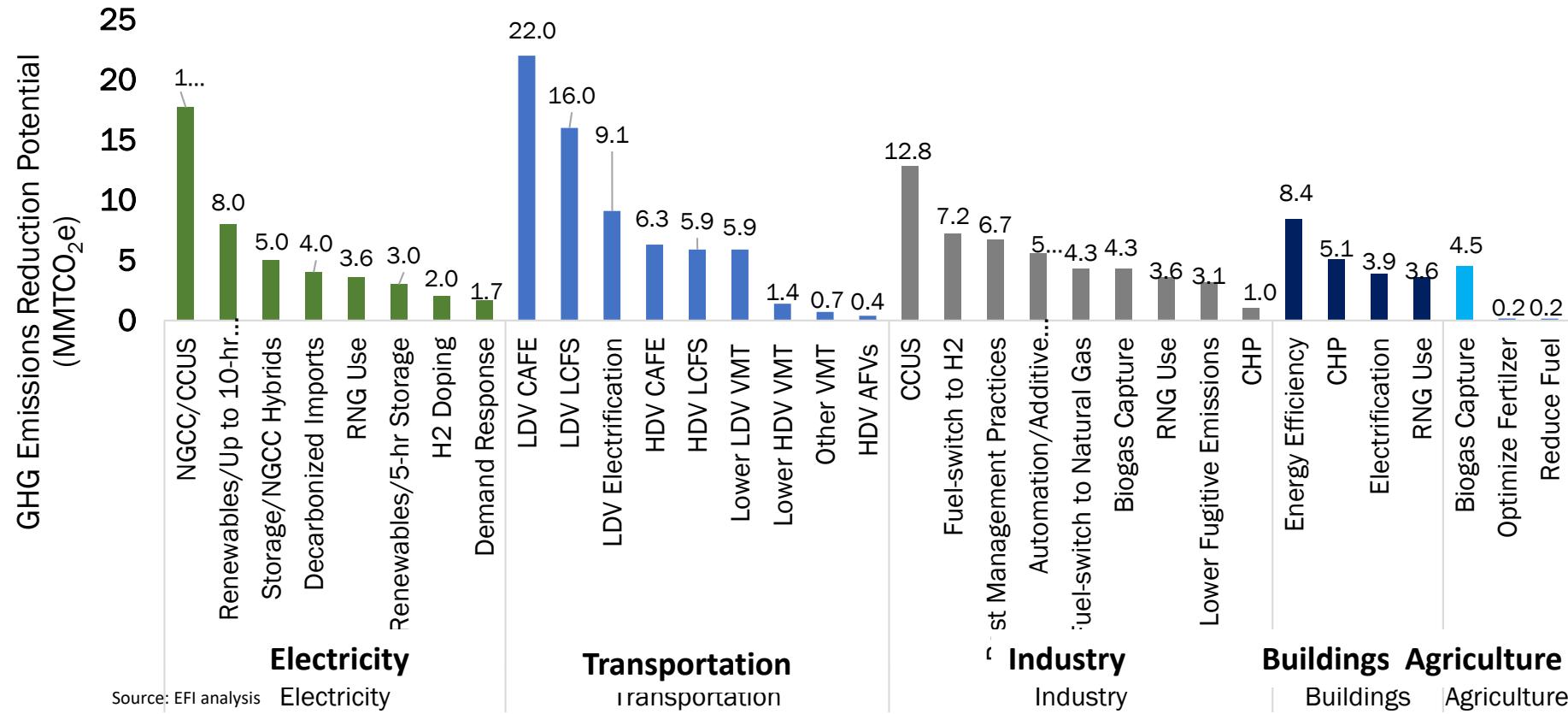
Wind Generation



Source: EFI, compiled using data from CAISO



# CA Technology Pathways to Meet 2030 Targets

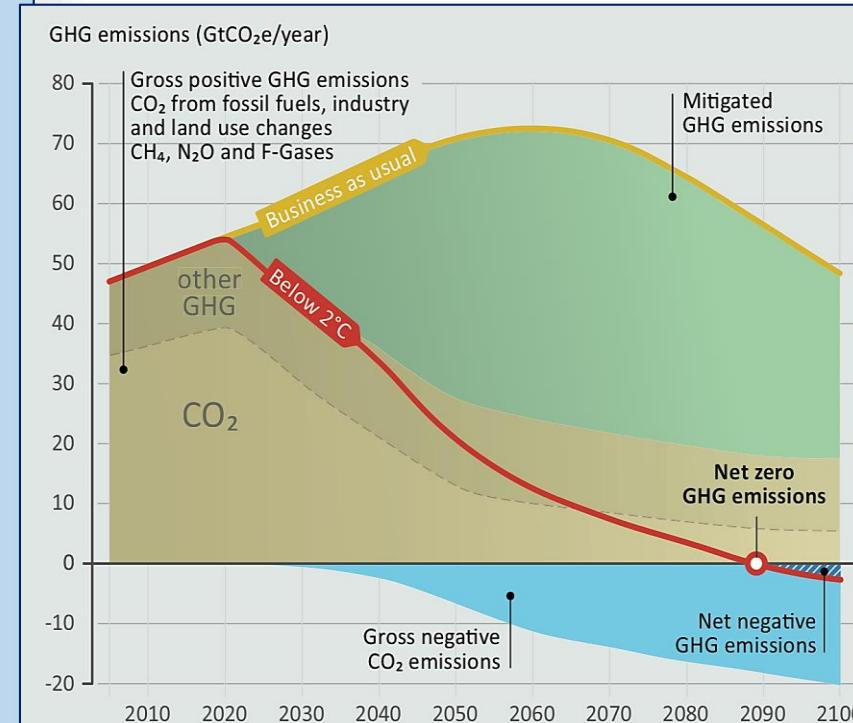


Source: EFI analysis



# The Imperative for Carbon Dioxide Removal

- CDR is **needed** to complement mitigation measures to limit warming to 2.0°C  
(required in 87% of IPCC AR5 scenarios)
- CDR provides **flexibility and optionality**, e.g. compensation for residual emissions in difficult-to-abate sectors
- CDR **co-benefits** can include greater food and fiber productivity, fuel and power production, fisheries restoration, and national security
- CDR offers **economic opportunities** (new industries, jobs, and export markets)



Source: UN Emissions Gap Report, 2017.